SCENAR: the secrets of effectiveness

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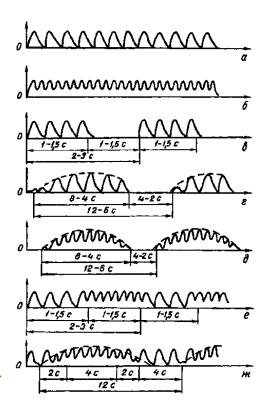
#### A few words about electrotreatment

Galvanization is low-strength (under 50mA) and low-voltage (30-80V) direct current. Galvanization exists for 200 years.





#### A few words about electrotreatment



In the 1950s P. Bernard offered the treatment with alternating current (diadynamic currents therapy).

In 1963 it was offered to use sinusoidal currents with frequency 5000 Hz, modulated with frequency from 10 up to 150 Hz (amplipulse therapy).

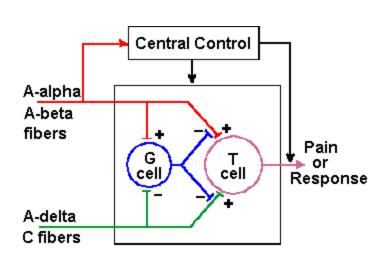


#### A few words about electrotreatment

Electropulse therapy was developed basing on 'The gate control theory' by Melzack R., Canada, and Wall P., England, 1965.



Photo credit The Canadian Medical Hall of Fame

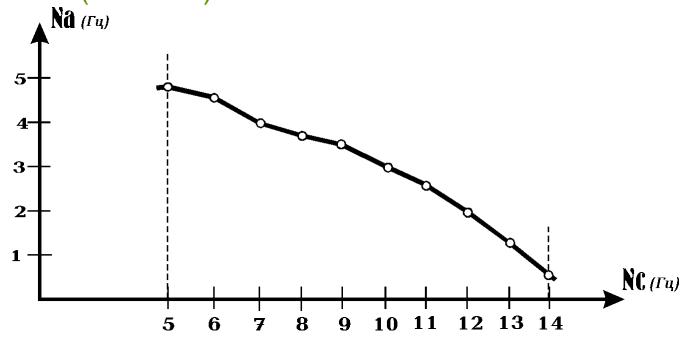




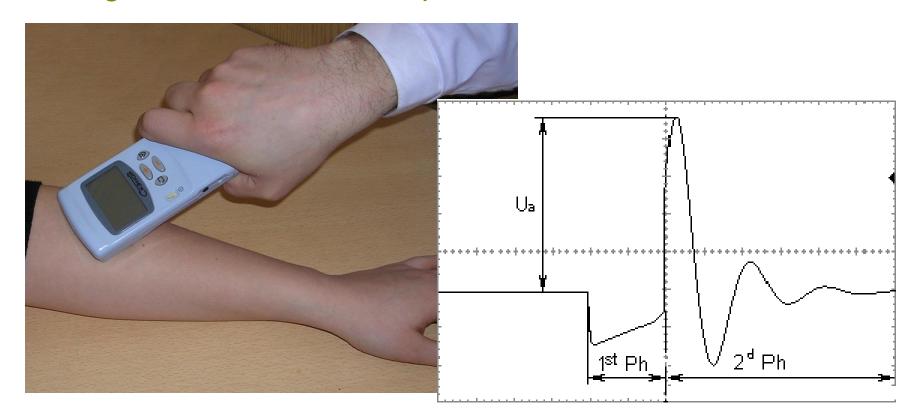


#### 'Addiction' and coping with it

There is a problem of electric influence 'addiction' - the effect goes down with the lapse of time. SCENAR copes with this problem successfully. The frequency of caused pulse activity vs the frequency of neuron synaptic stimulation (irritation).



SCENAR generates two-phase bipolar pulses with insignificant constant component.



Such shape is called 'neural-like', as it is similar to myopulses and cardiopulses (particular case of myopulses).
Their characteristic feature is

exactly two-phase structure: I-st phase – depolarization II-nd phase – repolarization

PR Segment

PR Interval

Q

PR Interval

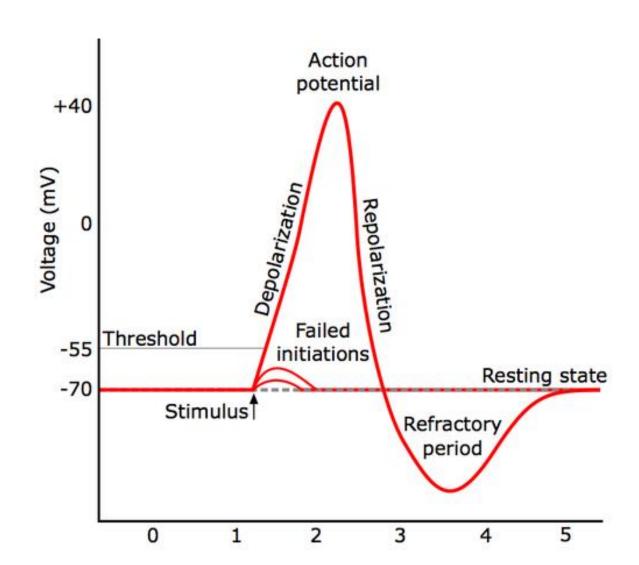
Q

Q

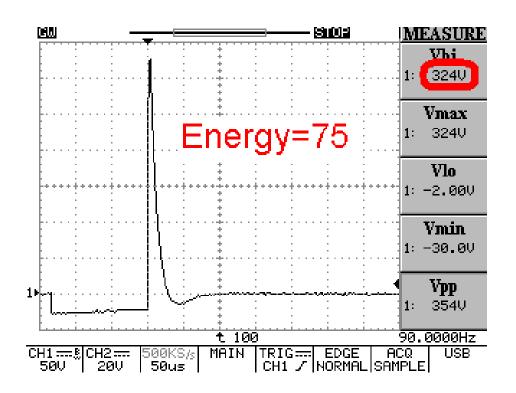
Agateller for Wikipedia

QRS Complex

R



#### High-amplitude

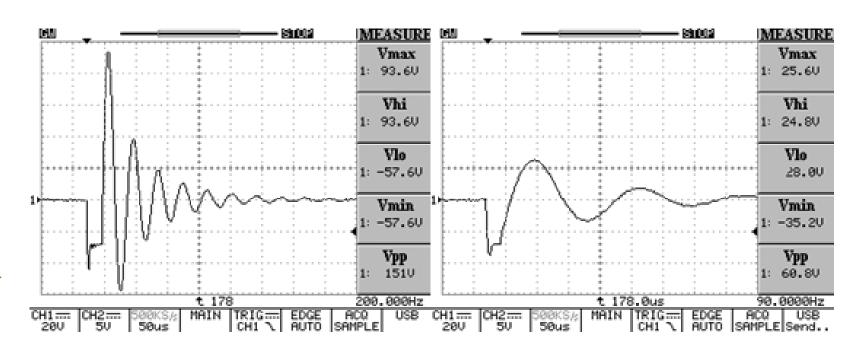




With limited energy (undamaging)

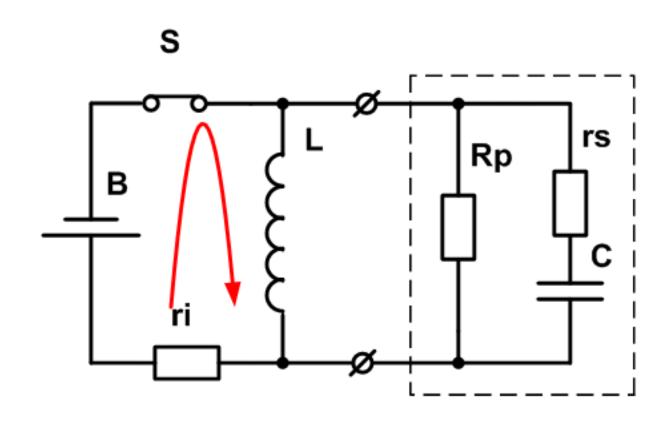
	500 Ω		2kΩ		10k Ω	
	Measured	Average	Measured	Average	Measured	Average
	$\mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{rms}},\mathbf{V}$	power,	$\mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{rms}},\mathbf{V}$	power,	$\mathbf{U_{rms}},\mathbf{V}$	power,
		$\mathbf{W}$		W		$\mathbf{W}$
SCENAR-1-NT	10.3	0.212	14.3	0.102	12.5	0.016
CHANS-01-						
SCENAR	11.4	0.260	13.9	0.097	12.6	0.016
InterX5000	9.8	0.192	13.5	0.091	13.8	0.019

High-variative (Energy=20, 1st and 30nd sec)





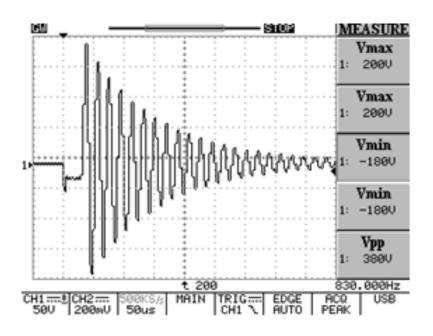
## How SCENAR pulse forms?



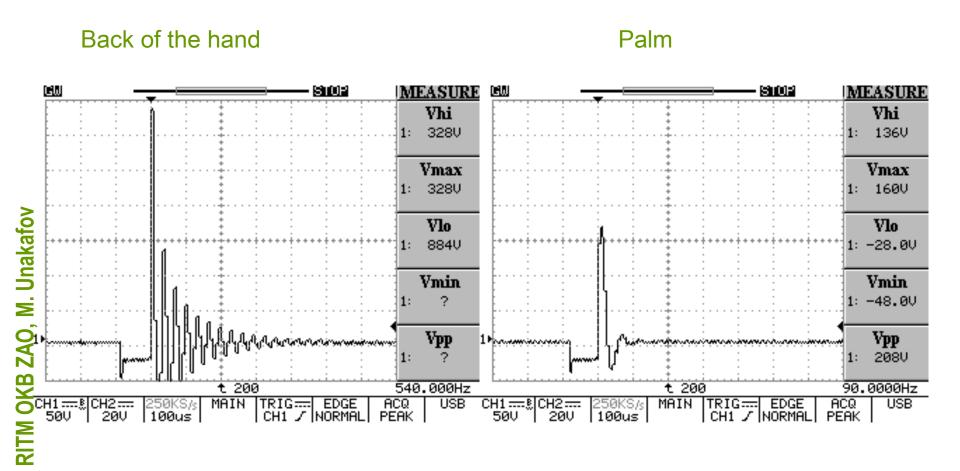
1st phase

# SCENAR pulse vs load

#### No load

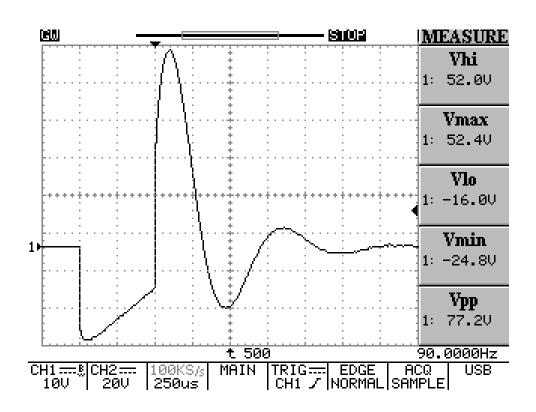


#### SCENAR pulse vs load



#### SCENAR pulse vs load

Self-adhesive electrodes, Energy=250







$$\omega = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$$

$$T = \sqrt{LC}$$

$$IR = Const \bullet \sqrt{C}$$

$$C = \frac{(IR)^2}{K}; K \sim 1$$

$C_{\sf sim}$	IR	$C_calc$	
	10	140	
300	15	320	
	20	570	
	30	1 300	
	50	3 600	
10000	75	8 000	
220000	400	230 000	
	600	510 000	
	800	910 000	





#### **Summary:**

- two-phase bipolar (neural-like);
- high-amplitude, but undamaging;
- high-variative (no addiction).



Questions? Break...





# Available settings

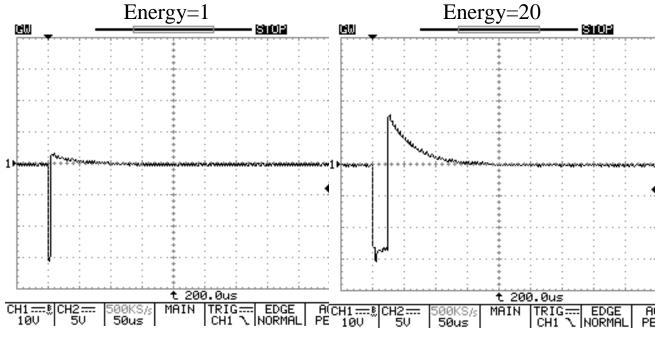




# Available settings: 'Energy'

Basic parameter, its regulation is available in all devices and in the same limits. Max/min amplitude rate is from 50 to 100 times. For energy it corresponds to more than

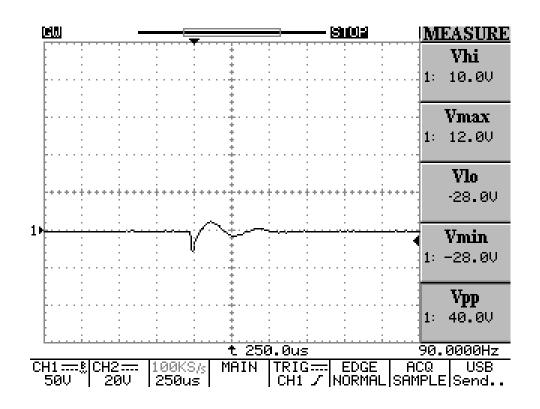
2500 times.



b

#### Available settings: 'Energy'

Energy changes from 20 to 250.





#### Available settings: 'Energy'

While increasing the energy the sensations are changing from their absence to painful ones. At comfortable electric influence level it is felt as pulsation, pricking, vibration.



#### Consequently, there is a scale of influence:

subthreshold level,

threshold level,

comfortable level,

uncomfortable level,

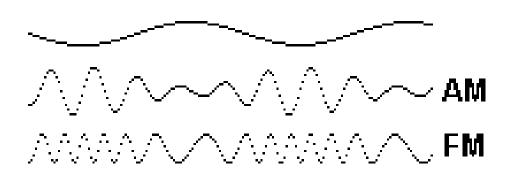
painful level.

Even at subthreshold level the influence goes. The result is not always proportional to the strength of sensations.



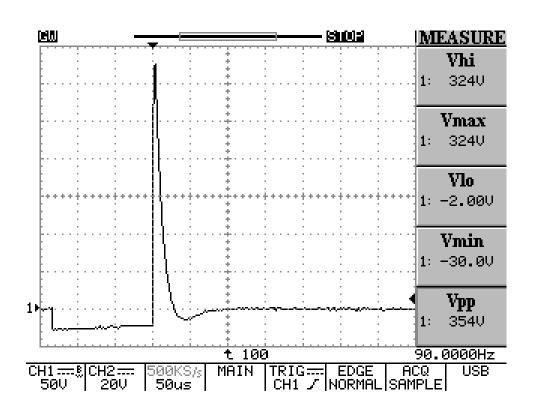


Amplitude modulation (AM) is the influencing pulse amplitude changing during the time according to a rule. Is available in all devices completely or partially.



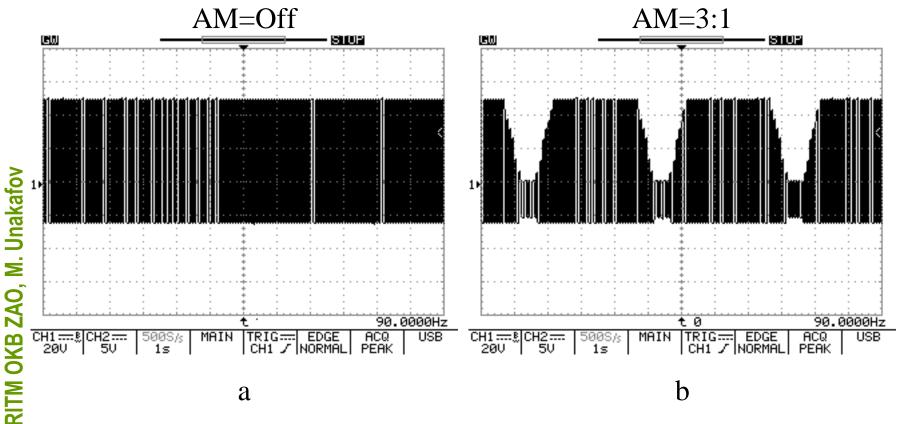
#### Available settings: 'AM'

AM: alone pulse



#### Available settings: 'AM'

AM: pulses' bursts



a

b





#### Available settings: 'AM'

When AM is on it is felt only increasing and decreasing of influence strength.







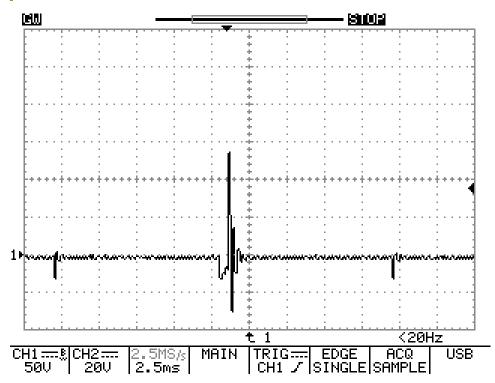
## Available settings: 'Bee'

'Bee' is one of the 'AM' modes. The device at minimal energy is waiting for the skin contact. Right after the contact it gives 1 or more pulses with maximal energy. Is available only in the highest SCENAR device.



#### Available settings: 'Bee'

'Bee' mode with 'Int=1'







#### Available settings: 'Bee'

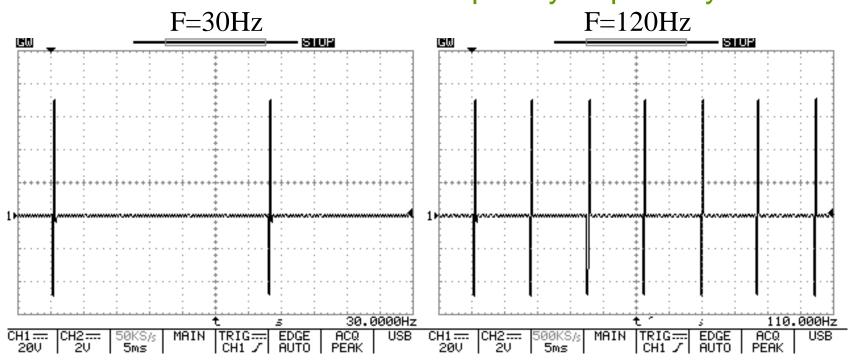


When 'Bee' is on, right after the skin contact it is felt high short influence like Bee sting.

'Energy' settings does not affect 'Bee' strength. It can be regulated only with 'Intensity' settings.

## Available settings: 'Frequency'

Frequency is quantity of pulses per second. Is available in all devices completely or partially.



a b





#### Available settings: 'Frequency'

While changing the frequency the changes of both – the strength and the 'volume' of influence are felt.

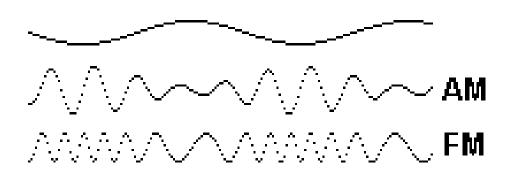






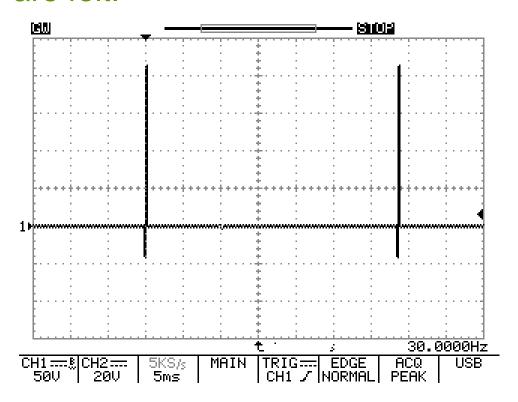
## Available settings: 'FM'

Frequency modulation (FM) is the influencing pulse frequency changing during the time according to a rule. Is available in all devices except for the lowest CHANCE.





As well as while changing the frequency manually the changes of both – the strength and the 'volume' of influence are felt.

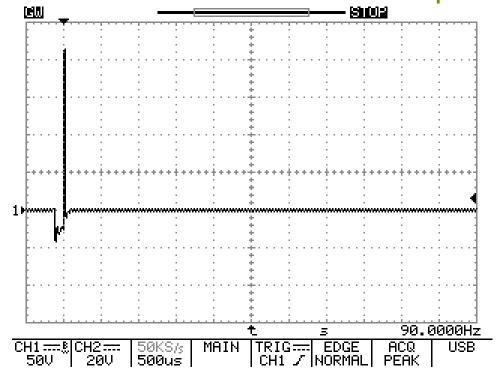




The quantity of pulses in a burst. The space between pulses in the burst (gap) is smaller than the space between bursts.

Is available in SCENAR devices except for the lowest

one.







#### Available settings: 'Intensity'

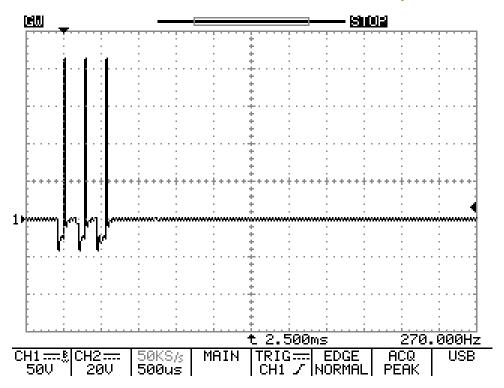
While changing the intensity the changes of both – the strength and the 'depth' of influence are felt. That's why there is another name for intensity – 'depth'.





The gap is a space between pulses in a burst. It has the sense only for intensity 2 and more.

Is available in SCENAR devices except for the lowest one.







While changing the gap the changes of the 'depth' of influence are felt as well as a kind of pulses 'rotation'.

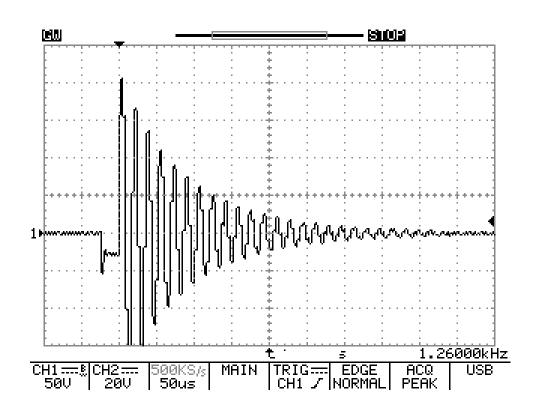




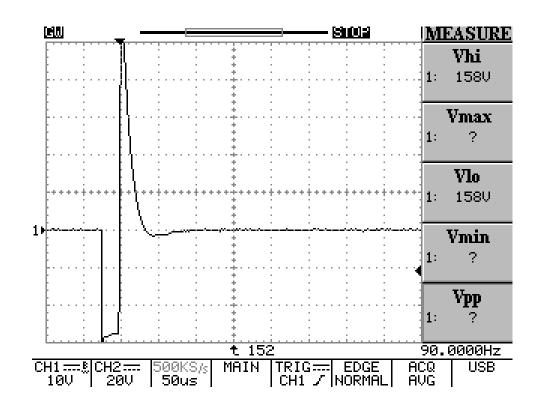


It means the pulses initial shape changing and the law of their changing depending on the load. Is available in SCENAR devices except for the lowest one.

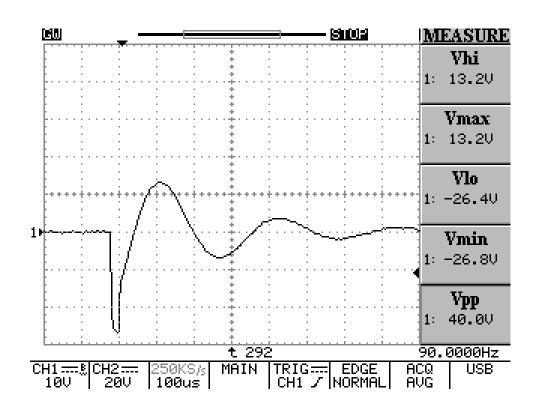
#### Without load



High resistance of the load



Load with high capacity







While changing the damping the changes of the 'softness' or the 'sharpness' of influence are felt.





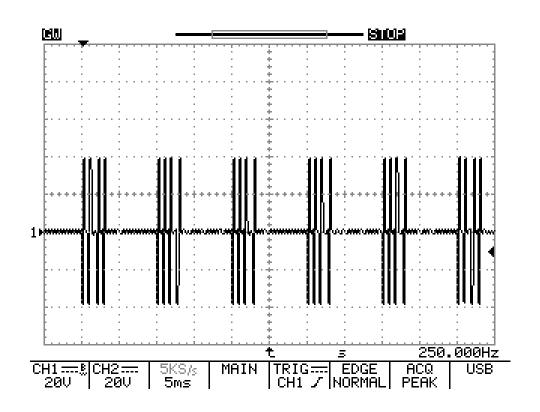


# Available settings: 'Swings'

Swings are combined modulations. They are simultaneous autochanges of frequency (FM), gap, damping. In Sw4 mode the intensity is changing too. They are available in SCENAR devices except for the lowest one.

## Available settings: 'Swings'

Example of Sw4







### Available settings: 'Swings'

When any Swing is on, the simultaneous changing of 'softness', 'depth' and 'volume' of influence are felt.



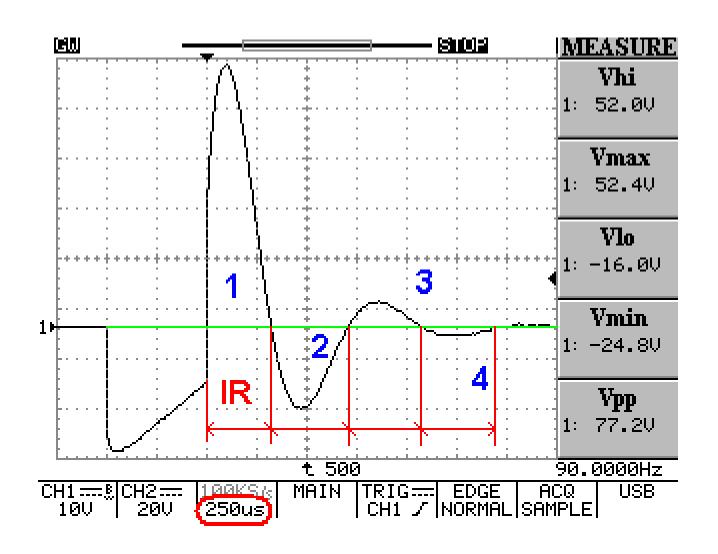


### Available settings

Questions? Break...







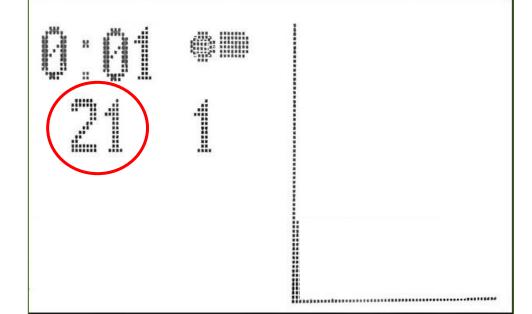




Initial Reaction (IR) is length of the 2d phase's first pulse.

The difference between IR and current (ongoing) reaction (CR) is that IR is average parameter in 1st second and CR is average parameter in current

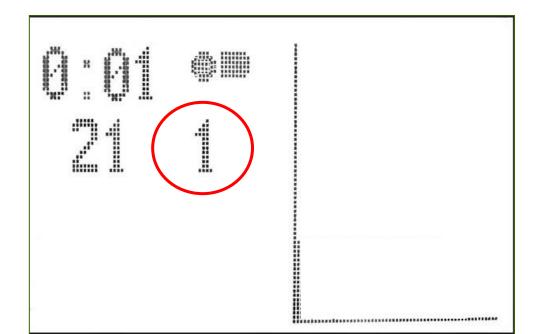
second.







Shape coefficient (SC) is quantity of oscillation halfphases (or zero crossing) during Phase 2. Initial Shape coefficient (IS) is average SC in first second and Current Shape coefficient (CS) is average SC one in current second.





**Speed** is relative speed of current reaction changing in percentage per second.

$$V = \frac{100\% \bullet (R_t - R_0)}{R_0 \bullet t}$$

Ro - initial reaction,

Rt – current reaction,

t – time of the point treating,

*V* – reaction speed.

Exact formula for the speed is

$$V = \frac{128\% \bullet (R_t - R_0)}{R_0 \bullet t}$$

This way is easier to calculate for microcontroller.

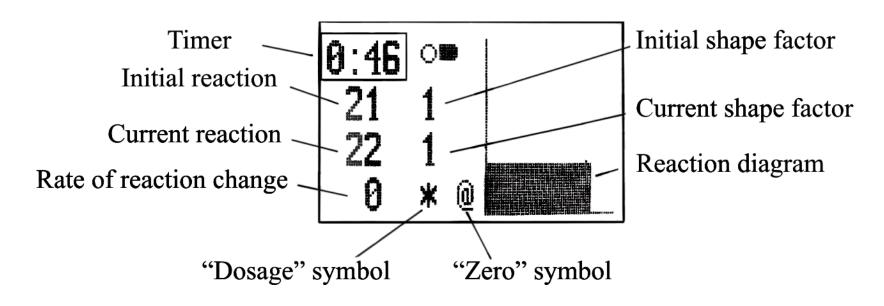


#### Dose 1

**Dose 1** – adaptive dose + integrated zero.

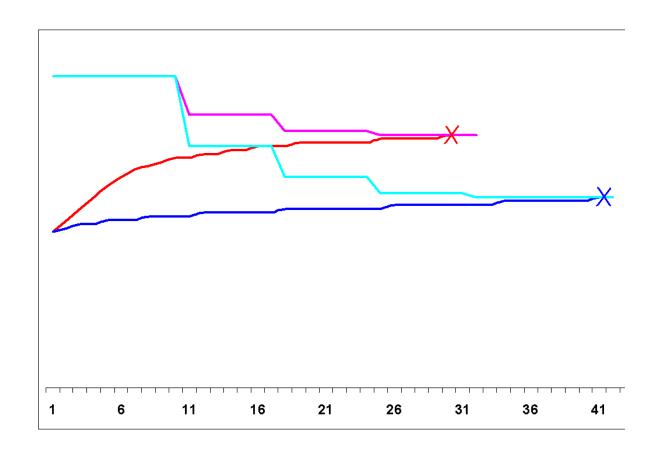
**Dose (\*)** means that over the full time the zone was stimulated, the reaction has changed ENOUGH (according to our criterion).

Zero (@) means the speed became less than 1%/sec.



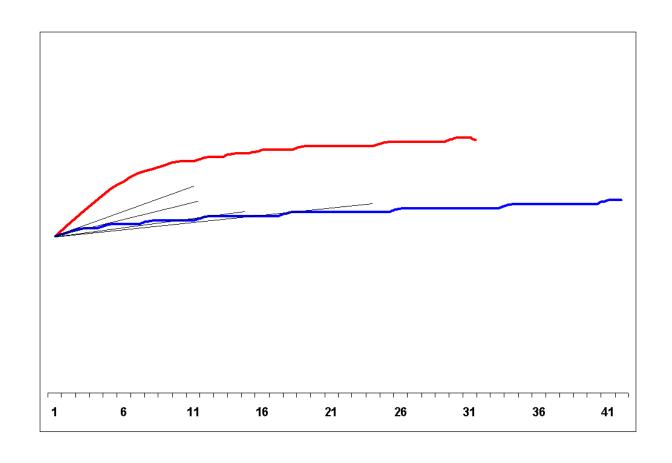
#### Dose 1

#### Low dynamics – long dose



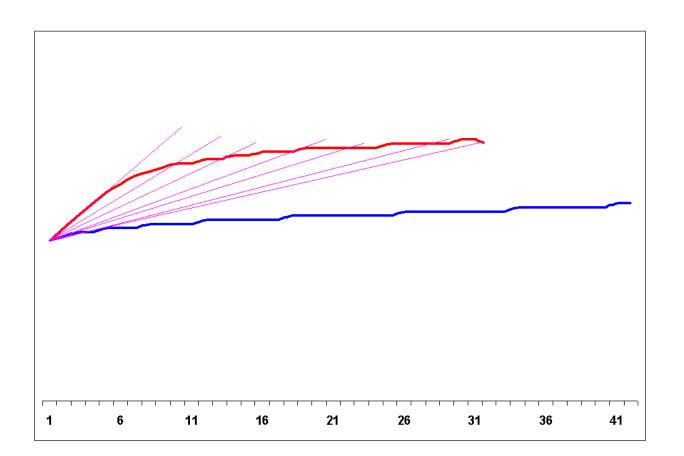
## Speed and Zero

Low speed – quick Zero



## Speed and Zero

High speed – long Zero







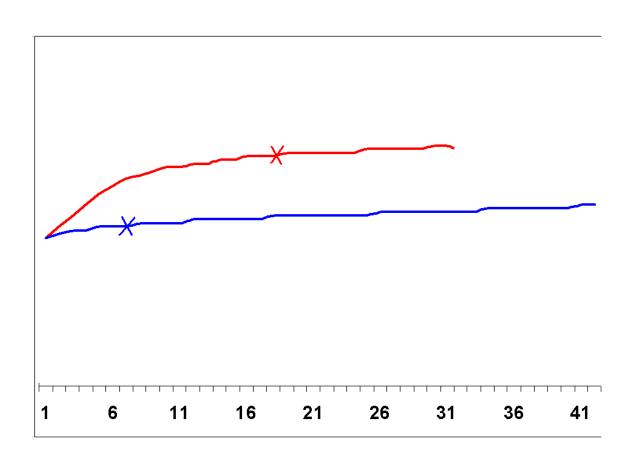
#### Dose 2

Dose 2 – zero and dose together, differential dose/zero. That is for Dose 2 the speed is counted relatively to the reaction on previous second.

Dose appears after 3 seconds of non-positive speed/dynamic (zero or negative).

#### Dose 2

#### Low dynamics – quick dose





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Dose, Zero, Rate...

Questions?



#### The secrets of effectiveness





#### The secrets of effectiveness

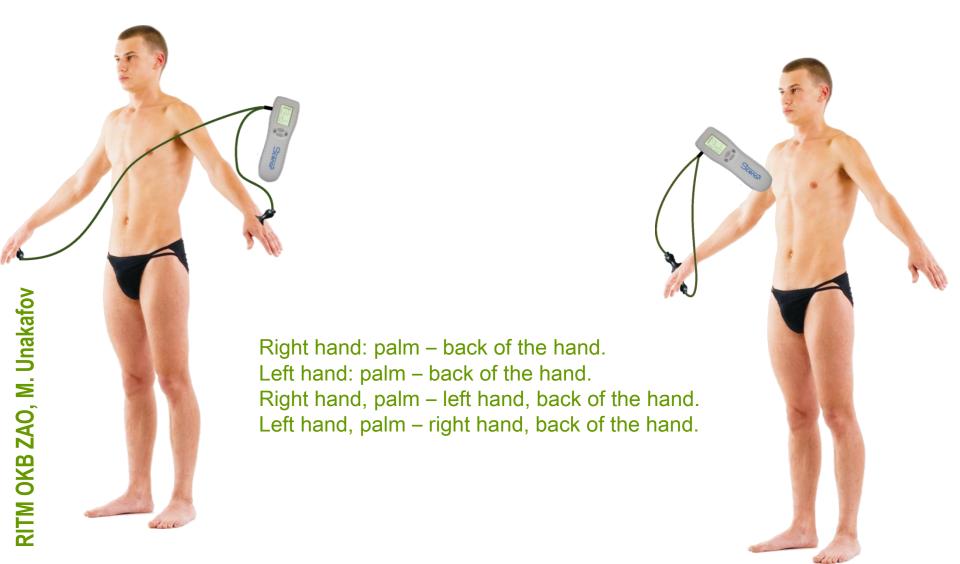
We consider SCENAR efficiency is provided with its pulses' features and with additional regulations of its parameters.

There are physical and (bio)chemical effects approved to different degree.

#### **Approved local effects:**

- collateral circulation increasing,
- anti-inflammatory,
- analgetic,
- antiedematous,
- genetic...

### Energy influence concentration





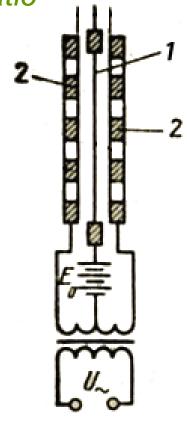


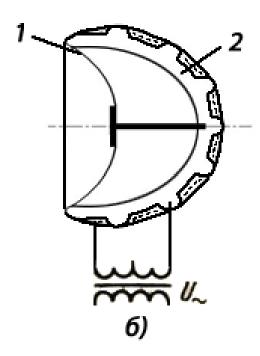
## High-frequency massage

Construction of electrostatic loudspeakers

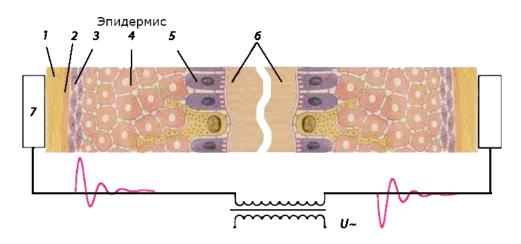
1 – flexible electrode,

2 – fixed electrode









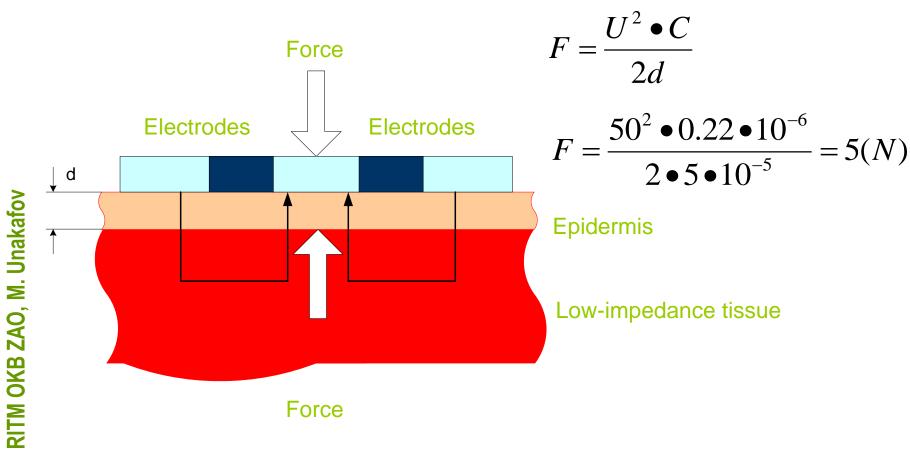
#### Voltage-to-sound skin conversion

- 1 horny layer (corneal layer);
- 2 clear layer (lucid layer);
- 3 granular layer;
- 4 prickly layer;
- 5 basal layer;
- 6 dermis, hypodermis; subcutaneous tissues;
- 7 device electrodes.



### High-frequency massage

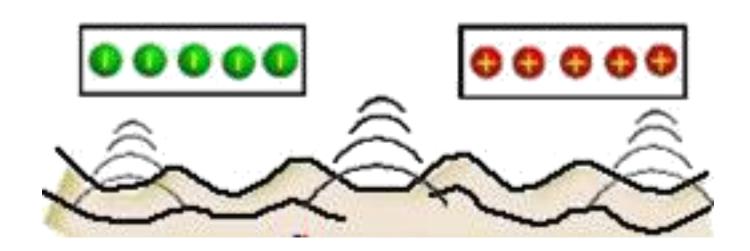
#### Influence force estimation





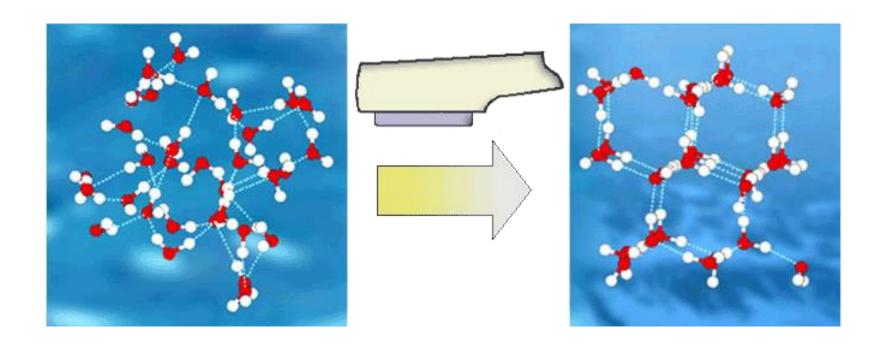
#### Skin vibration

Electric pulses enable the substances to penetrate inside, while vibrations stimulate certain receptors. While preparing competent cells, shaking is ordinary procedure. Therefore, we expect electroporation effect increasing.



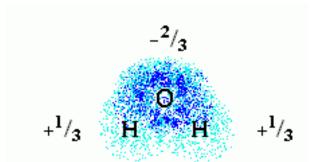
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# Fluid structuring

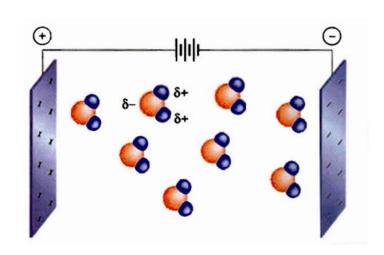


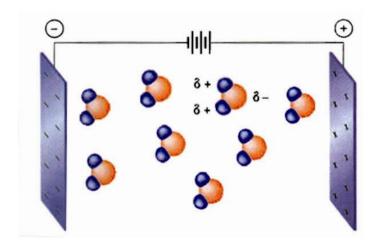


#### Fluid structuring



#### Charge distribution in water atoms

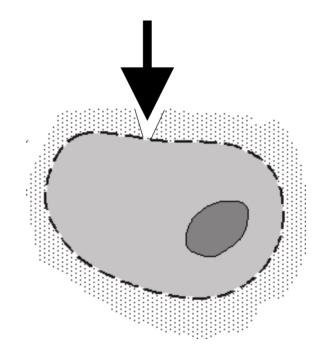




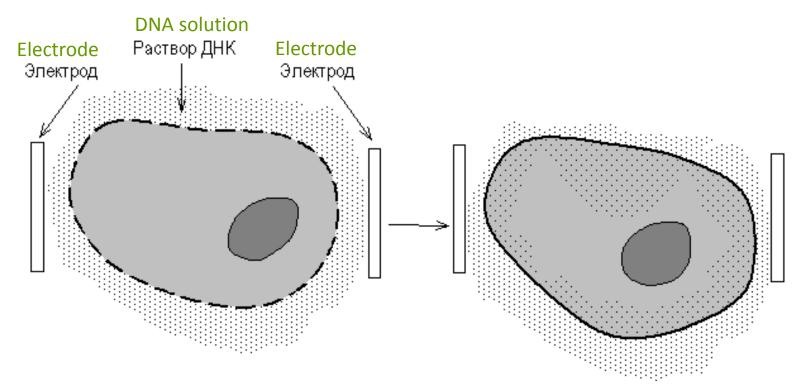
Water molecule arrangement after the voltage sign changed







Electroporation is a significant increase of the cell membrane permeability caused by externally applied electric field of high intensity.



As a result of electroporation the DNA fragments penetrate from tissue liquid into cells.



# Physiological effects in 'soft' reversible electroporation on cellular level:

- cell metabolism acceleration,
- cells activation,
- increase in production and acceleration of proliferation.

#### on tissue level

- improves functionality of microvasculature,
- increases the perfusion of tissue fluid,
- accelerates the immune reaction,
- increases the level of antioxidative enzymes,
- decreases the inflammatory process,
- inhibits oxidative stress.





Intensity and duration of electric field for each system of cells is selected empirically, while great variety of SCENAR stimulation modes enables the user to apply this empirical mechanism.





#### The SCENAR efficiency sources:

- electroporation and its effects,
- · energy influence concentration,
- high-frequency massage,
- skin vibrations...



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# Good luck!

